INDIAN PHARMACEUTICAL INDUSTRY – AN EMERGING TRAILBLAZER

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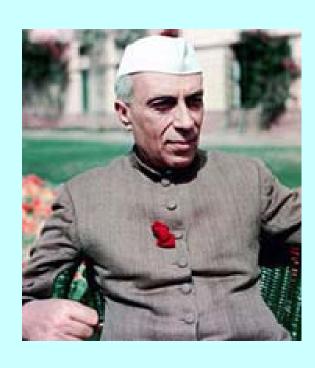
- Economic Indicators of India
- Pharmaceutical Industry Healthcare Scenario An Overview
- Cost of Medicines and Pricing
- Counterfeit Drugs Menace
- M & A in Indian Pharmaceutical Industry
- R&D and IPR Scenario
- Issue of Access of Medicines
- Private Public Partnership
- Advantage India and Affordable Healthcare for all
- Contribution of OPPI

SELECTIVE ECONOMIC INDICATORS

1990-91 **2006-07 Real GDP USD 48 billion USD 840.1 billion GDP Growth** 5.3% 9.4% **Forex Reserves USD 1 billion USD 220 billion USD 0.36 billion USD 15.7 billion FDI** 10.3% < 5% **Inflation**



JAWAHARLAL NEHRU SAID ON THE EVE OF INDEPENDENCE



"A new star rises A new hope comes into being"

PHARMA IS POISED

- Government to provide enabling environment for growth
- Improve access to medicines
- Invest in health infrastructure
- Encourage R&D

INDIAN PHARMACEUTICAL INDUSTRY - 2006

- U.S.\$ 8 Bn. Domestic Sales
- U.S.\$ 5 Bn. Exports
- Highest number of U.S. FDA approved plants outside U.S.
- Ranks 4th in Volume & 14th in Value
- McKinsey projects U.S.\$ 20 Bn. by 2015

THE INDIAN PHARMA MARKET IS EXTREMELY COMPETITIVE

Large number of Companies in the Industry...

- 10,000+ listed and unlisted companies in the market
- Low concentration of share
 - Top 10 companies account for < 40% of the market
 - 250+ companies account for 70% share
- Mix of companies: of MNC and Indian companies; national and regional companies

More than 10 brands in each	h
Molecule	

Molecule	Number of Brands
Ciprofloxacin	101
Gatifloxacin	67
Cetrizine	83
Diclofenac	67
Rabeprazole	49
Atenelol	49
Glimeperide	40

Intense competition – ensures prices are low

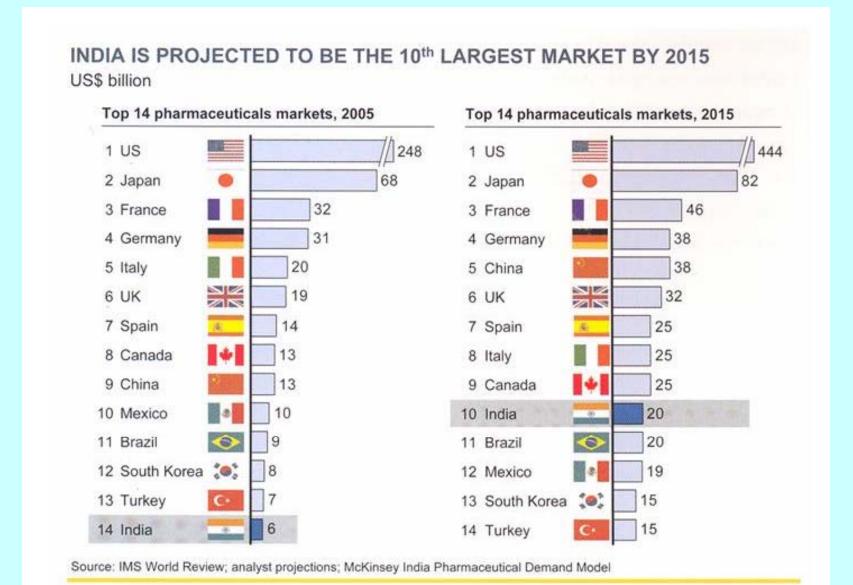
Source: IMS ORG data

INDIAN BIOPHARMA MARKET

- Biotech Market Size 2 Bn. U.S.\$ 70% in Biopharma
- 2 types of Products Recombinant Drugs and Monoclonal Antibodies
- Products Erythropoietin, Human Insulin, tPA, Filgrastim, Hepatitis B Vaccine, Interferon, Streptokinase, etc.
- India emerging as a major global source of Vaccines
- Biosimilars Regulatory Issues, a Challenge

MCKINSEY PROJECTION 2015*

- Domestic Sales to reach U.S.\$ 20 Bn.
- Incremental growth between 2005 2015, 14 Bn. U.S.\$
- Key Drivers for Growth:
 - Robust Economy
 - Increasing Affordability
 - Deeper Penetration of Health Insurance
 - Increase in Organised Retail Chains
 - Shifting Disease Patterns
 - Increase in Healthcare Spend (from present 7% to 13% of average household income)
 - The New IPR Regime



TOTAL EXPENDITURE ON HEALTH AS A % OF GDP

Country	Public Sector	Private Sector	Total
India	1.2	3.6	4.8
Sri Lanka	1.6	1.9	3.5
China	2.0	3.6	5.6
Japan	6.4	1.5	7.9
Switzerland	6.7	4.8	11.5
USA	6.8	8.4	15.2
UK	6.9	1.1	8.0
France	7.7	2.4	10.1

Source: World Health Report, 2006, WHO

CONTRIBUTION FROM PHARMA INDUSTRY HAS IMPROVED HEALTH INDICATORS SIGNIFICANTLY

	1950-51	1980-81	2006-07
Birth Rate (per 1000)	40.8	33.9	23.8
Death Rate (per 1000)	25.0	12.5	6.0
Infant Mortality Rate (per 1000 live births)	146.0	110.0	58.0
Life Expectancy (years)	36.7	54.0	65.4

ACHIEVEMENTS THROUGH THE YEARS

Epidemiological Shifts

	1951	1981	2000	2005
Malaria (cases in million)	75	2.7	2.2	8.0
Leprosy cases per 10,000 population	38.1	57.3	3.74	1.0
Small Pox (no. of cases)	>44,887	Eradicated	-	•
Guineaworm (no. of cases)		>39,792	Eradicated	-
Polio		29,709	265	660

Source: Ministry of Health & Family Welfare

INDIAN PHARMA INDUSTRY ... A TRULY SHINING EXAMPLE OF GLOBAL SUCCESS

- Amongst the top 15 countries in consumption value: fourth largest country in the world production volume.
- Though India's pharmaceutical market is just 1% of the global pharmaceutical industry in value, it accounts for 8.5% of global pharmaceutical production in the generics space, Indian firms account for 22% of global production.

• Net foreign exchange earner.



MEDICINES

Doctor's Fees	9%
Medicines	15%*
Diagnostic Investigations & Pathological Tests	24%
Hospitalisation	17%
Transport	20%
Miscellaneous	8%
Others	7%

^{* 60%} towards taxes and trade margins

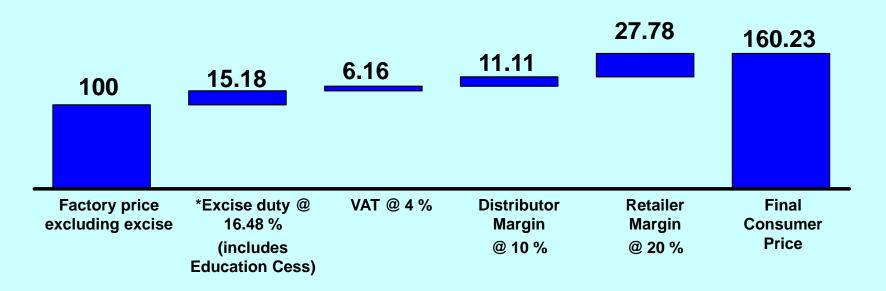
15% of Total Household Cost for Individuals

HOW EXPENSIVE ARE MEDICINES?

Per day treatment cost for common ailment	Rs.	Average cost of common goods & services of daily consumption (one time)	Rs.
Asthma	0.45	Public telephone call	1.00
Angina (chest pain)	0.55	Banana	1.50
Diabetes	0.70	Egg	2.00
Common Allergy	0.75	Newspaper	2.00
Common Headache	1.00	Inland letter	2.50
Amoebiasis	1.10	Cup of Tea	3.00
Diarrhoea	1.20	Bus fare (minimum)	4.00
Anti-ulcer	1.40	Suburban train ticket (return)	8.00
Common Cold	1.50	Milk (half litre)	9.00
Arthritis	1.50	Thali meal	25.00
Blood Pressure	1.75		

HIGH TRANSACTION COSTS INFLATE THE FINAL PRICE

Final consumer price with trade margins added



* Note: Abatement 42.5%

Need to review ancillary costs such as import duties and margins to trade

PRICE CONTROL TREND

In the past 30 years, successive Governments have reduced the span of price control on medicines.

DPCO Year	No. of Drugs under Price Control	Percentage of Controlled Market
1970	All	100
1979	347	90
1987	143	70
1995	74	30
2002	30 drugs proposed	Under review

Source: ORG-IMS

THIS ENLIGHTENED POLICY RESULTED IN

- India emerging as a global powerhouse in Pharmaceuticals with a robust domestic industry.
- According to McKinsey latest report released on August 22, 2007, India's pharma turnover is expected to treble to 20 Bn. U.S.\$ by 2015.
- Intense competition has resulted in medicine prices falling to lowest in the world (lower than even neighbouring countries like Pakistan, Indonesia, etc.).

PHARMACEUTICAL PRICES IN SELECT COUNTRIES

	Drugs, Dosage form and Strength	Pack	Prices in India (INR)	Prices in Pakistan (INR)	Prices in Indonesia (INR)	Prices in USA (INR)	Prices in UK (INR)
I. A	NTI-INFECTIVES						
1	Ciprofloxacin – HCL 500 mg tabs	10's	29.00	423.86	393.00	2352.35	1185.70
2	Norfloxacin 400 mg tabs	10's	20.70	168.71	130.63	1843.66	304.78
3	Ofloxacin 200 mg tabs	10's	40.00	249.30	204.34	1973.79	818.30
4	Cefpodoxime Proxetil 200 mg tabs	6's	114.00	357.32	264.00	1576.58	773.21

PHARMACEUTICAL PRICES IN SELECT COUNTRIES

contd..

	Drugs, Dosage form and Strength	Pack	Prices in India (INR)	Prices in Pakistan (INR)	Prices in Indonesia (INR)	Prices in USA (INR)	Prices in UK (INR)
II. N	NSAIDS						
1	Diclofenac Sodium 50 mg tabs	10's	3.50	84.71	59.75	674.77	60.96
III. A	ANTI-ULCERANTS						
1	Ranitidine 150 mg tabs	10's	6.02	74.09	178.35	863.59	247.16
2	Omeprazole 30 mg Caps	10's	22.50	578.00	290.75	2047.50	870.91
3	Lansoprazole 30 mg Caps	10's	39.00	684.90	226.15	1909.64	708.08

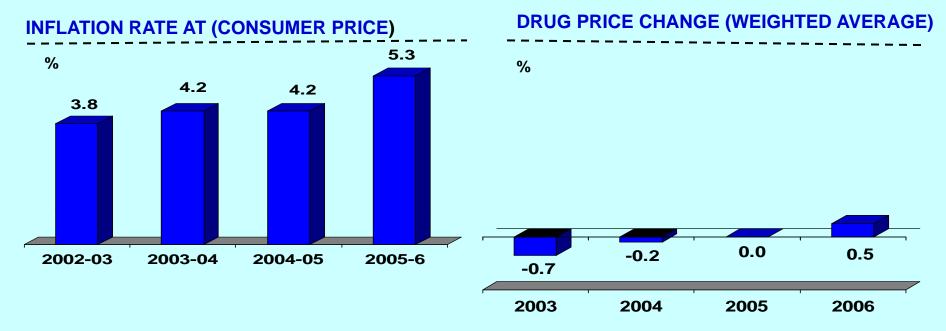
... AND REAL PRICES HAVE FURTHER DECLINED YEAR ON YEAR!



- Nearly 5% price decline in each year in real terms over last 5 years
- Prices of 539 formulations reduced over the last 2-3 years

Source: IMS ORG data, OPPI

PHARMA INDUSTRY HAS ACTED VERY RESPONSIBLY ON DRUG PRICES......



PERCENTAGE NUMBER OF PACKS WHOSE PRICES REMAIN STABLE

	APL	MAY	JUN	JUL	AUG	SEP	OCT	NOV	DEC	JAN	FEB	MAR
2003-04	96.91	97.72	97.27	96.89	97.65	97.32	97.74	97.47	98.38	95.87	97.87	97.11
2004-05	97.38	97.24	98.2	98.85	96.5	97.9	96.39	95.03	97.16	98.47	96.2	97.73
2005-06	95.38	96.46	96.62	96.05	51.16	49.17	82.21	93.09	97.9	98.22	97.85	97.64
2006-07	99.52	99.20	99.41	99.31	99.37	99.51	99.23	100	99.02	98.81	99.18	99.81
2007-08	98.99	99.65	99.48									

SOURCE: ECONOMIC SURVEY, ORG-IMS AUDIT

Data instability due to system change-ORG-IMS

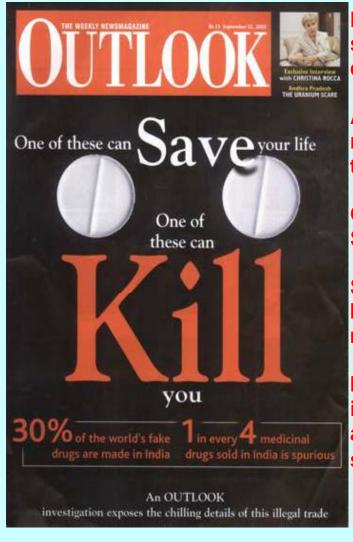
REVERSAL OF POSITIVE TREND

■ The positive trend of phase-wise decontrol is now being reversed and the National Pharmaceutical Policy proposes to bring all the 354 drugs in the National List of Essential Medicines, in addition to current 74 drugs under price control.

CURRENT ACTIONS ON PRICE CONTROL

- 10% cap on price increase per year retrospectively for decontrolled products.
- Ceiling prices announced for 8 formulations which were outside price control.
- MAPE for imported formulations reduced from 50% to 35% in some cases.
- Price check at entry point on decontrolled drugs planned.

Counterfeit Drugs Menace



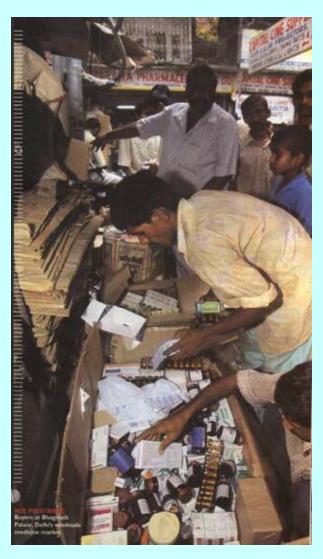
Making or selling spurious drugs is not a criminal offence in India

Anti-counterfeiting measures not used due to high cost

Quantification of Spurious Drugs required

Some popular brands have 12-15 copies in the market

Most common fakes includes anti-virals, antibiotics and life-saving drugs



SPURIOUS DRUGS ARE A SERIOUS PROBLEM AND COMBATING THEM REQUIRES INVESTMENT

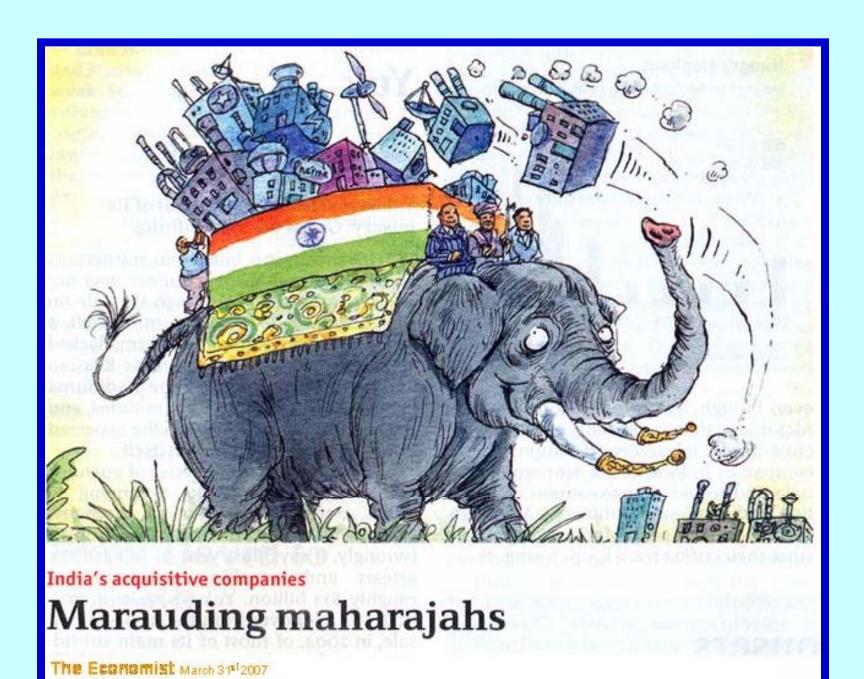
Spurious drugs are a serious issue . . .

- Major public health hazard since leading brands attract counterfeit and spurious products
- Passage of Bill No. LIV of 10th may, 2005 in the Parliament is an utmost priority

But there is little incentive to control this . . .

- No specific allowances for differentiation in packaging/tamper proof packs
- Packaging innovations are given standard MAPE markups
- Low margin on products under price control leads to low investment on them





PHARMA ON A SHOPPING SPREE – 2005-07

Sr. No.	Acquirer	Target	Sum (\$ Mn.)
1.	Matrix Labs.	DocPharma	263.00
2.	Ranbaxy	RPG Aventis Efarmes Sa Terapia	80.00 18.00 324.00
3.	Dr. Reddy's	Roche's Mexican API Unit Tirgenesis Betapharm	59.00 11.00 572.00
4.	Torrent	Heumann	30.00
5.	Hikal	Marsing Psi Supply	5.90 16.50
6.	Nicholas Piramal	Avecia Pharma Pfizer's Manufacturing Unit in U.K.	16.25 50.00

PHARMA ON A SHOPPING SPREE – 2005-07

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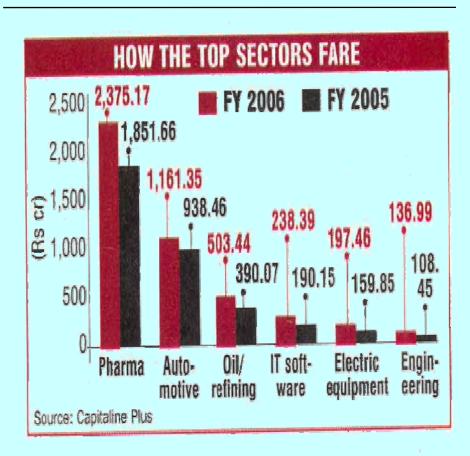
Sr. No.	Acquirer	Target	Sum (\$ Mn.)
7.	Strides Arcolab	Strides Latina	16.00
8.	Wockhardt	Epharma	13.30
		Negma	265.00
9.	Jubiliant	Trinity	12.30
10	Zydus Cadila	French Formulation Unit of Apharma	9.41
11.	Glenmark	Labs Kilinger	5.20
12.	Dishman	Synprotec	3.48
13.	Sun	Taro	454.00
14.	Zydus Cadila	Nikkho, Brazil	26.00
	2250.34		

R&D DEDICATED TO DISEASES OF DEVELOPING WORLD

- ASTRAZENECA Bangalore Research Institute
- LILLY not-for-profit Public Private Partnership for T.B. in Seattle
- NOVARTIS Institute for Tropical Diseases,
 Singapore
- GSK Diseases of the Developing World, Discovery Centre, Tres Cantos (Spain)

DEVELOPING NEW DRUGS IS EXTREMELY RESOURCE INTENSIVE

Pharma is already a large spender on R&D...



... But bringing a drug to market requires massive resources

- It costs over USD 800 mn on average to take a new drug to the market
- 5 of every 5,000 compounds are tested on humans
- One out of every 5 drugs that enters trials makes it to the market
- It takes an average of 12 years for a new drug to reach the market

MNCS FOCUS ON DEVELOPING COUNTRIES DISEASES

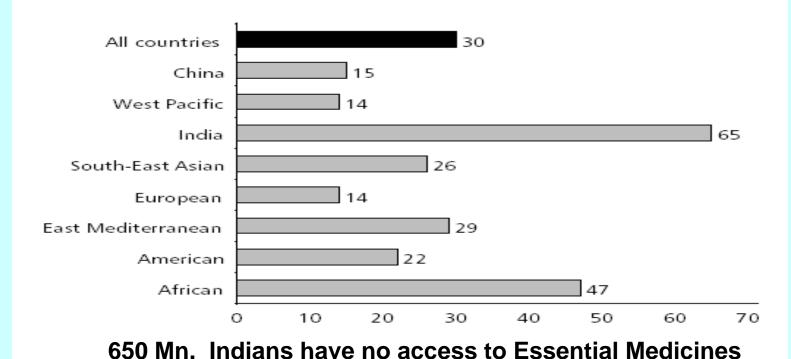
Disease	Companies	
TUBERCULOSIS	AstraZeneca, Bayer, GSK, Lupin, J&J, Novartis, Otsuka, Pfizer, Sanofi- Aventis, Crucell	
MALARIA	BMS, GSK, Novartis, Pfizer, Ranbaxy, Sanofi-Aventis, Sigma Tau, Crucell	
SLEEPING SICKNESS (African Trypansomiasis)	Bayer, Sanofi Aventis	
SHISTOSOMIASIS	Pfizer	
KALA AZAR (Leishmaniasis)	Zentaris, GSK	
DENGUE	Novartis, GSK, Sanofi Aventis	
RIVER BLINDESS (Onchoceriasis)	Wyeth	

IMPLEMENT TRIPS COMPLIANT IPR

- Encourage FDI, Technology Transfer
- Stimulate R & D
- Allow Incremental Innovation
- Provide Data Exclusivity
- Drop Pre-grant Opposition

THE REAL ISSUE IS ACCESS





Industry and Government can work together to ensure Access

GOVERNMENT / INDUSTRY ARE PARTNERS

- Provide medicine at affordable prices
- Supports Government objective to ensure prices do not increase unreasonably
- Instead of cost-based price control recommends price monitoring

HEALTH INSURANCE

- 80% in India pay from their pocket
- Expand Health Insurance
 - Rashtriya Swasthya Bima Yojana for BPL
 - Yashaswini Scheme of Government of Karnataka
 - Arogya Raksha Yojana for rural families
- Policies for specific diseases

STRENGTHENING OF DRUG REGULATORY SYSTEM

OPPI supports formation of Central Drugs Authority of India

RESPONSIBLE SELF MEDICATION

 Move certain molecules out of Schedule H so that they can be sold OTC

Remove population restriction in Schedule K

INDIA IS EMERGING AS A PREFERRED DESTINATION FOR LIFE SCIENCES, BUT CHINA IS A THREAT

Globally aligned industry

- Patent regime
- Relationships and presence in other countries

Strong domestic market

- Companies with a longterm stake
- Generating resources for growth

High quality resources

- Skilled manpower
- Companies looking to invest in long-term growth avenues

India emerging as the preferred destination for . . .

- New Drug Discovery Research
- Manufacturing
- Research Services (Clinical Research, Bio-Informatics, Synthetic and Medicinal Chemistry etc.)

China fast catching up, and already beating India on pharma manufacturing

ADVANTAGE INDIA

- An abundance of English speaking scientific and technological brainpower.
- Large and diverse patient base for conducting international clinical trials
- Strong base of bulk drug manufacture (400 APIs)
- 15-16% R&D scientists in U.S. Pharmaceutical Industry are of Indian origin - hence strong networking.

ADVANTAGE INDIA

- World class entrepreneurial skills
- Cost effectiveness (Intellectual Capital per Dollar)
- Well developed ancilliary industry
- Highest no. of U.S. FDA approved manufacturing facilities outside U.S.A.
- Demographic dividend

OUTSOURCING OPPORTUNITIES



AFFORDABLE HEALTHCARE FOR ALL

- Expand Health Insurance
- Reduce transaction costs (duties, taxes, trade margin, etc.)
- Focus on prevention: immunisation, vaccination, sanitation, hygiene, clean drinking water, nutrition, etc.
- Public Private Partnership for Anti-cancer & HIV/AIDS Drugs
- Responsible Self Medication (OTC)
- Increase healthcare budget from 0.9% of GDP to 5% to 7%

CONTRIBUTIONS MADE BY OPPI

- Product Patent
- Schedule M
- Schedule Y
- R&D Incentives
- CSR
- OPPI Code of Pharmaceutical Marketing Practices 2007

INDIAN PHARMA INDUSTRY

An Emerging Trailblazer with Government providing an Enabling Environment

